

A SONG OF DARKNESS AND LIGHT

AN ODE

by

Robert Bridges

SET TO MUSIC FOR

Soprano solo, Chorus and Orchestra

by

C. Hubert H. Parry

Harp

Composed for the Three Choirs Festival (Gloucester) - September 15, 1898



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ENGLISH HERITAGE

MUSIC SERIES

The “renaissance” in English music is generally agreed to have started in the late Victorian period, beginning roughly in 1880, and was most notable for compositions by C.V. Stanford, C. Hubert H. Parry, Edward Elgar, Henry Walford Davies, Harold Darke and others. Public demand for major works in support of the annual choral festivals held throughout England at that time was considerable which led to the creation of many large scale works for orchestra with soloists and chorus. Although a number of those works found their way into print and are regularly performed today, a considerable number of compositions, both large-scale and more intimate works, are not available. These works either were never published or were published but are no longer available in the publishers’ catalogues. While the existence of these works is documented in biographies of the composers, the ability to study and, most importantly, to perform these compositions is not possible.

Changes in the International copyright laws in the mid-1970’s played a pivotal role in creating this void, opening a significant number of musical compositions to public access. As a result, music publishers lost the ability to generate revenue from the sale/rental of such music. Performance score inventories of these works were eliminated. In addition, for many compositions, the only published material were vocal scores - full scores and orchestra parts were hand notated for the premiere of a work and then were ‘recycled’ for future performances. While full score autograph manuscripts are now accessible through the major music libraries in the UK, the hand-notated parts have long since been lost. These autograph full score manuscripts along with copies of the published vocal scores are now the only resources available for studying and performing these works.

The English Heritage Music Series has been created to ensure that these compositions are preserved, are accessible for scholarly research and, most importantly, are available for performance by future generations. Its mission is to:

- Source unpublished/out-of-print English composer compositions that are in the U.S. public domain
- Preserve these compositions through the preparation of performance scores using notation software
- Provide open Internet access to the scores to facilitate study, performance and sharing of performance material (program notes, audio, reviews, etc.)

In preparing the English Heritage Music Series editions, every effort has been made to adhere strictly to the notation contained in the manuscripts. Because of the passage of time and its effect on the condition of the manuscript, the absence of clear information often times by the composer in notating divided instruments, and with emendations in the composer and other hands resulting from use of the manuscript in performance, there were numerous circumstances which required interpretation and decisions for notes, accidentals, dynamics, articulations and tempi. Should questions arise in the use of these editions, the composers’ autograph manuscripts and the Novello vocal scores should be consulted for clarification.

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Source Information

Autograph Manuscript:

Royal College of Music, London MS 4205

Vocal Score:

Novello Octavo Edition No. 8287

Royal College of Music Library

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Document Software: Adobe In Design CS5 *Music Notation Reference:* [Behind Bars](#) by Elaine Gould, Faber Music © 2011

A SONG OF DARKNESS AND LIGHT

C. HUBERT H. PARRY

1-10 11-29 30-37 38-45 46-56 57-70 71-80

10 19 8 8 11 14 10

81-92 93-101 102-113 114-123 124-132 133-147

12 9 12 10 9 15

148-159 160-163 164-187 188-189

12 4 24 2

Timpani *pp*

Harp

Musical score page 15, measures 203-212. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, 3/4 time, and dynamic *mf*. The bottom staff is in bass clef, 3/4 time. The music features eighth-note patterns and includes a key signature change from B-flat major to A major at the end of measure 212.

211

16 *cres. molto*

p

Musical score for piano, page 17, measures 220-226. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is treble clef and the bottom staff is bass clef. Measure 220 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 221 begins with a forte dynamic followed by a fermata over the bass note. Measure 222 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 223 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 224 begins with a forte dynamic followed by a fermata over the bass note. Measure 225 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 226 begins with a forte dynamic followed by a fermata over the bass note. Measure 227 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 228 begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 229 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 230 begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 231 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 232 begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 233 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 234 begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 235 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 236 begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 237 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 238 begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 239 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 240 begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 241 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 242 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 243 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 244 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 245 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 246 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 247 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 248 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 249 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 250 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 251 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 252 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 253 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 254 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 255 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 256 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 257 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 258 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 259 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 260 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 261 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 262 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 263 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 264 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 265 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 266 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 267 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 268 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 269 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 270 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 271 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 272 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 273 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 274 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 275 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 276 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 277 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 278 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 279 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 280 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 281 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 282 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 283 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 284 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 285 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 286 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 287 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 288 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 289 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 290 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 291 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 292 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 293 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 294 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 295 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 296 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 297 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 298 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 299 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 300 starts with a forte dynamic.

Musical score for piano, page 18, Allargando. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The tempo is marked as 'Allargando' and 'A tempo'. Measure 230 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 231 begins with a repeat sign and a measure number '4'. Measures 232-235 are indicated by a bracket. Measure 236 starts with a dynamic 'ff' and a repeat sign, followed by a measure number '4'. Measures 237-240 are indicated by a bracket. Measure 241 concludes with a forte dynamic.

242

Più moto.

Allegro giusto. $\text{♩} = 128$

25	26	20				27	28	29					
8	11	4	2	9	7	10							
383-390		391-401		402-421		422-423		424-432		433-439		440-449	
8	11	4	20	2	9	7	10						

Harp

30 **31** **32** **33** **34** **35**

450-456 457-462 463-470 471-480 481-491 492-495 496-503

7 6 8 10 11 4 8

36 **37** **38**

504-514 515-520 521-523 524-528 529-546 547-551 552-573

11 6 3 5 18 5 3 22

39 **40** **41**

574-577 578-581 582-593 594-597 598-602 603-611

4 4 12 4 5 9

42 **43** **44** **45**

612-622 623-630 631-637 638-640 641-644 645-662 round, and calls His saints a round,

11 8 7 3 4 18

Soprano Solo *poco cresc.*

46 ⁶⁶⁹

p

673

p

676

Allargando.

679

rit. colla voce.

47 A tempo

683

pp

dim.

687

19

692-710

19

g

6

Harp

48 **49** **50** **51** **52**

711-714 715-720 722-728 729-733 734-741 742-748

4 **6** **7** **5** **8** **7**

53 **54** **55** **56** **57**

749-755 756-765 766-775 776-784 785-792 793-802

7 **10** **10** **9** **8** **10**

58 **59** **60** **61** **62**

803-808 809-813 814-824 825-830 831-833 834-845 846-851

6 **5** **11** **6** **3** **12** **6**

Timpani
f cresc. molto

63

854

Animando.

858

Animando con fuoco**64***rit.*

862

Harp

Allegro moderato.

874

Measures 874-876: Treble and bass staves. Measure 874 starts with a dynamic *f*. Measure 875 begins with a fermata over a note. Measure 876 ends with a fermata over a note.

877

Measures 877-879: Treble and bass staves. The treble staff features eighth-note patterns, while the bass staff consists of sustained notes.

65

880

Measures 880-882: Treble and bass staves. The treble staff shows eighth-note patterns with grace notes, while the bass staff has sustained notes.

883

Measures 883-885: Treble and bass staves. The treble staff has eighth-note patterns, and the bass staff includes eighth-note chords.

Harp

13

Musical score for Harp, page 13, measures 886-890. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Measure 886 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 887-888 show eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note grace notes. Measure 889 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by a ritardando (rit.) instruction. Measures 890 concludes the section with a sixteenth-note pattern.

Musical score for Harp, page 13, measures 891-895. The score continues with two staves. Measures 891-894 feature eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note grace notes. Measure 895 concludes the section with a sixteenth-note pattern.

Musical score for Harp, page 13, measures 896-900. The score continues with two staves. Measures 896-899 feature eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note grace notes. Measure 900 concludes the section with a sixteenth-note pattern.

66

Allargando.

895

898

901

Allargando.

904

Harp

15

Musical score for Harp, measures 907-910. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 907 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 908-909 continue this pattern. Measure 910 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by eighth-note pairs. Measure 911 concludes the section.

Musical score for Harp, measures 910-913. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 910 continues the sixteenth-note and eighth-note pairs from the previous section. Measures 911-912 continue this pattern. Measure 913 concludes the section.

Allargando.

Musical score for Harp, measures 913-916. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measures 913-915 show sustained chords. Measure 916 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by sustained notes.

Musical score for Harp, measures 916-919. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measures 916-918 show sustained notes. Measure 919 concludes the section.



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MUSIC SERIES

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