

WHERE SHALL THE LOVER REST

SET TO MUSIC FOR

Soprano solo and Orchestra

by

C. Hubert H. Parry

Bassoon 1

Orchestra arrangement of Song no. 3, Set 1 of "English Lyrics" premiered April 27, 1899



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ENGLISH HERITAGE

MUSIC SERIES

The “renaissance” in English music is generally agreed to have started in the late Victorian period, beginning roughly in 1880, and was most notable for compositions by C.V. Stanford, C. Hubert H. Parry, Edward Elgar, Henry Walford Davies, Harold Darke and others. Public demand for major works in support of the annual choral festivals held throughout England at that time was considerable which led to the creation of many large scale works for orchestra with soloists and chorus. Although a number of those works found their way into print and are regularly performed today, a considerable number of compositions, both large-scale and more intimate works, are not available. These works either were never published or were published but are no longer available in the publishers’ catalogues. While the existence of these works is documented in biographies of the composers, the ability to study and, most importantly, to perform these compositions is not possible.

Changes in the International copyright laws in the mid-1970’s played a pivotal role in creating this void, opening a significant number of musical compositions to public access. As a result, music publishers lost the ability to generate revenue from the sale/rental of such music. Performance score inventories of these works were eliminated. In addition, for many compositions, the only published material were vocal scores - full scores and orchestra parts were hand notated for the premiere of a work and then were ‘recycled’ for future performances. While full score autograph manuscripts are now accessible through the major music libraries in the UK, the hand-notated parts have long since been lost. These autograph full score manuscripts along with copies of the published vocal scores are now the only resources available for studying and performing these works.

The English Heritage Music Series has been created to ensure that these compositions are preserved, are accessible for scholarly research and, most importantly, are available for performance by future generations. Its mission is to:

- Source unpublished/out-of-print English composer compositions that are in the U.S. public domain
- Preserve these compositions through the preparation of performance scores using notation software
- Provide open Internet access to the scores to facilitate study, performance and sharing of performance material (program notes, audio, reviews, etc.)

In preparing the English Heritage Music Series editions, every effort has been made to adhere strictly to the notation contained in the manuscripts. Because of the passage of time and its effect on the condition of the manuscript, the absence of clear information often times by the composer in notating divided instruments, and with emendations in the composer and other hands resulting from use of the manuscript in performance, there were numerous circumstances which required interpretation and decisions for notes, accidentals, dynamics, articulations and tempi. Should questions arise in the use of these editions, the composers’ autograph manuscripts and the Novello vocal scores should be consulted for clarification.

Matthew W. Mehaffey

Editor

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Source Information

Autograph Manuscript:

Vocal Score:

Royal College of Music Library

Oxford University, Bodleian Music Section, Weston Library

Manuscript Transcription & Score Preparation

Royal College of Music, London MS 4203

Novello English Lyrics First Set, No. 3 (1895)

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Reference Material and Software

Notation Software: Finale v. 26 *Audio Software:* Garrigan Personal Orchestra 5 *Graphic Software:* Adobe Photoshop CS5

Document Software: Adobe In Design CS5 *Music Notation Reference:* Behind Bars by Elaine Gould, Faber Music © 2011

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C. HUBERT H. PARRY

Moderato

Musical notation for measures 1-10. The piece is in 4/4 time with a key signature of two flats. Measure 1 starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The notation includes slurs and dynamic markings: *cresc.* and *dim.* in measure 4, and *p* in measure 7. Measure numbers 5 and 10 are indicated at the start of their respective lines.

A

Musical notation for measures 15-19. Measure 15 is a whole rest with a '5' above it. The notation includes slurs and rests. Measure numbers 15-19 are indicated below the staff.

Musical notation for measures 24-28. Measure 24 starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The notation includes slurs and rests. Measure numbers 24 and 28 are indicated at the start and end of the line. A *rit.* marking is present above measure 26.

Musical notation for measures 29-34. Measure 29 starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The notation includes slurs and rests. Measure numbers 29 and 34 are indicated at the start and end of the line.

Musical notation for measures 35-38. Measure 35 is a whole rest with a '4' above it. The notation includes slurs, accents (>), and rests. Measure numbers 35-38 are indicated below the staff. A *mf* dynamic marking is present below measure 36. Section markers **B** and **C** are placed above measures 35 and 36 respectively.



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