

Solemn March for Orchestra and Narrator



Poem By Thomas Moore

Music By Charles Villiers Stanford

(1915)

FULL SCORE

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Cover Image

"Funérailles et apothéose de Thiers" by Jehan George Vibert & Édouard Detaille, 1877





Unearthing from the Past - Preserving for the Future sm

The "renaissance" in English music is generally agreed to have started in the late Victorian period, beginning roughly in 1880. Public demand for major works in support of the annual choral festivals held throughout England at that time was considerable which led to the creation of many large scale works for orchestra with soloists and chorus.

Although a number of those works were engraved, printed and are regularly performed today, performance scores for a considerable number of compositions, both large-scale and more intimate works, are not available. These works were either never engraved or were engraved and printed but are no longer available in the publishers' catalogues. While the existence of these works is documented in biographies of the composers, the ability to study and, most importantly, to perform these compositions is not possible.

Changes in the International copyright laws, coupled with changing musical tastes, played a pivotal role in creating this void. As a result, music publishers lost the ability to generate revenue from the sale/rental of such music. In 1964, holograph and copyist scores from both Novello and from publishers it represented were offered to the British Library and the Royal College of Music Library (see The RCM Novello Library – The Musical Times, Feb. 1983 by Jeremy Dibble).

These autograph full score manuscripts along with copies of engraved vocal scores, widely available through various online library sources, are now the only resources available for studying and performing these works. The English Heritage Music Series has been created to ensure that these compositions are preserved, are accessible for scholarly research and, most importantly, are available for performance by future generations. Its mission is to:

- Source non-engraved/out-of-print English composer compositions that are in the U.S. public domain
- Preserve these compositions through the preparation of performance scores using notation software
- Provide open Internet access to the scores to facilitate study, performance and sharing of performance material (program notes, audio, reviews, etc.)

In preparing the English Heritage Music Series editions, every effort has been made to adhere strictly to the notation contained in the manuscripts. Because of the passage of time and its effect on the condition of the manuscript, the absence of clear information often times by the composer in notating divided instruments, and with emendations in the composer and other hands resulting from use of the manuscript in performance, there were numerous circumstances which required interpretation and decisions for notes, accidentals, dynamics, articulations and tempi.

Should questions arise in the use of these editions, the composers' autograph manuscripts and the Novello vocal scores should be consulted for clarification.

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SOURCE INFORMATION

Full Score (Original)

Royal College of Music Library, London (GB-Lcm): MS 4855

REFERENCE MATERIAL AND SOFTWARE

Notation Software: Dorico 4 Pro 4.3.30.1132 Audio Software: Garritan Personal Orchestra 5 Graphic Software: Affinity Photo Document Software: Affinity Publisher 1.10.5.1342 Music Notation Reference: <u>Behind Bars</u> by Elaine Gould, Faber Music © 2011 The tune used by Stanford in his 1915 setting for orchestra and narrator is a traditional Irish air - "If the Sea were Ink". He first used this tune in his arrangement of the Thomas Moore text in 1895 in a setting for voice and piano, published under the title of "The Irish Melodies of Thomas Moore."

Both the 1895 and the 1915 settings are included in this score.



Lay his sword by his side -- it hath served him too well Not to rest near his pillow below; To the last moment true, from his hand ere it fell, Its point was still turn'd to a flying foe. Fellow-labourers in life, let them slumber in death, Side by side, as becomes the reposing brave --That sword which he loved still unbroke in its sheath, And himself unsubdued in his grave. Yet pause -- for, in fancy, a still voice I hear, As if breathed from his brave heart's remains; --Faint echo of that which, in Slavery's ear, Once sounded the war-word, "Burst your chains." And it cries, from the grave where the hero lies deep, "Though the day of your Chieftain for ever hath set, Oh leave not his sword thus inglorious to sleep --

It hath victory's life in it yet!

"Should some alien, unworthy such weapon to wield,

Dare to touch thee, my own gallant sword,

Then rest in thy sheath, like a talisman seal'd,

Or return to the grave of thy chainless lord.

But, if grasp'd by a hand that hath learn'd the proud use

Of a falchion, like thee, on the battle-plain,

Then, at Liberty's summons, like lightning let loose,

Leap forth from thy dark sheath again!"

Lay His Sword by His Side



Traditional Irish Air - "If the Sea were Ink"

Arranged By Charles Villiers Stanford 1895



















Lay His Sword by His Side

Thomas Moore

Charles Villiers Stanford



















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