



THE VISION OF LIFE

A Symphonic Poem

Words and Music

by

C. Hubert H. Parry

Composed for the Cardiff Musical Festival - September 26, 1907

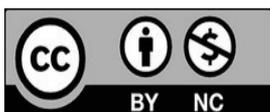
Revised for 1914 Norwich Festival which was cancelled due to start of World War I

COR ANGLAIS

Cover Image: "Spirit of the Summit" by Frederic Leighton, 1894



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ENGLISH HERITAGE MUSIC SERIES

The “renaissance” in English music is generally agreed to have started in the late Victorian period, beginning roughly in 1880. Public demand for major works in support of the annual choral festivals held throughout England at that time was considerable which led to the creation of many large scale works for orchestra with soloists and chorus.

Although a number of those works were engraved, printed and are regularly performed today, performance scores for a considerable number of compositions, both large-scale and more intimate works, are not available. These works were either never engraved or were engraved and printed but are no longer available in the publishers’ catalogues. While the existence of these works is documented in biographies of the composers, the ability to study and, most importantly, to perform these compositions is not possible.

Changes in the International copyright laws, coupled with changing musical tastes, played a pivotal role in creating this void. As a result, music publishers lost the ability to generate revenue from the sale/rental of such music. In 1964, holograph and copyist scores from both Novello and from publishers it represented were offered to the British Library and the Royal College of Music Library (see The RCM Novello Library – The Musical Times, Feb. 1983 by Jeremy Dibble).

These autograph full score manuscripts along with copies of engraved vocal scores, widely available through various online library sources, are now the only resources available for studying and performing these works.

The English Heritage Music Series has been created to ensure that these compositions are preserved, are accessible for scholarly research and, most importantly, are available for performance by future generations. Its mission is to:

- Source non-engraved/out-of-print English composer compositions that are in the U.S. public domain
- Preserve these compositions through the preparation of performance scores using notation software
- Provide open Internet access to the scores to facilitate study, performance and sharing of performance material (program notes, audio, reviews, etc.)

In preparing the English Heritage Music Series editions, every effort has been made to adhere strictly to the notation contained in the manuscripts. Because of the passage of time and its effect on the condition of the manuscript, the absence of clear information often times by the composer in notating divided instruments, and with emendations in the composer and other hands resulting from use of the manuscript in performance, there were numerous circumstances which required interpretation and decisions for notes, accidentals, dynamics, articulations and tempi. Should questions arise in the use of these editions, the composers’ autograph manuscripts and the Novello vocal scores should be consulted for clarification.

Matthew W. Mehaffey

Editor

Professor of Music

University of Minnesota - School of Music
Minneapolis, Minnesota USA

Source Information

Autograph Manuscript:

Royal College of Music Library MS 4213

Vocal Score:

Novello Original Octavo Edition No. 12565

Royal College of Music Library

Jonathan Frank, Ass’t. Librarian - jonathan.frank@rcm.ac.uk

Manuscript Transcription & Score Preparation

David Fielding - dhcfielding@charter.net

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Music Notation Reference: Behind Bars by Elaine Gould, Faber Music © 2011

BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON PARRY AND “THE VISION OF LIFE”

Sir Edward Elgar (May 18, 1909)

“I hope you are well and that you are writing. I am so delighted we are to have *Job* in Hereford Cathedral. Your Cardiff ‘Vision’ was, I conclude, too strong for the Church, but I hope we may have it soon. It’s really strong bracing stuff, and, like your Odes, some of us love it and love you for giving us these things.”

Hubert Parry: His Life and Works by Charles L. Graves, Macmillan and Co., Ltd. © 1926, Vol. II, p. 66

“During the first half of this year (1914) he gave much time to the revision of the score of his Vision of Life with a view to its performance at Norwich—an expectation frustrated by the War.”

Hubert Parry: His Life and Works by Charles L. Graves, Macmillan and Co., Ltd. © 1926, Vol. II, pp. 157-158

“Hubert Parry’s ethical idealism was animated by a truly Christian spirit. The great aim of his later years was to impress on all people the need of enlarging their sphere of Religion; to consecrate his art to the service of humanity. ‘Religion,’ he wrote in one of his notebooks, ‘includes Art as well as definite devotional exercises,’ and again: ‘Art is a form of devotion. Everything that endeavours to beautify and make lovable the surroundings and the ideas of man is part of devotional religion. It is devotion to the beautiful aspect of things—the things which minister to spiritual well-being, to truth.’

Thus it came about, as Mrs. Ponsonby writes, that ‘when he spoke of some remarkable human being or act, or of Bach, or the sea, or architecture, or the country, one felt that to him the sphere of Religion was indeed without bounds. The beliefs which informs the message that he endeavoured to give to the world in his later works, and especially in *The Vision of Life*, is best defined in his own words, quoted by Miss Daymond in the memorial number of the Royal College Magazine:

There is, as it were, a limitless, unflagging, living series of variations on a great subject—and that subject is the progress towards the highest good of the race . . . The highest optimism is the belief that as man has already succeeded in controlling his destiny, and the resources of the little corner of the world with which he is concerned, by slow degrees better and better, so he will go on doing it in the future. There is no hope of a comfortable easy-going Utopia, but a reality of constant effort towards the development of the consciousness that the guarantee of Life is the fruitful expenditure of energy.

Hubert Parry: His Life and Works by Charles L. Graves, Macmillan and Co., Ltd. © 1926, Vol. II, p. 224

“The Vision of Life, brought out in 1907 and revised in 1914, is notable as an exposition of his philosophy of life, as an expansion of the gospel of brotherhood and love . . . it also commands admiration by its dignity and felicity of phrase and the skill with which rhymed passages are introduced to lend emphasis to a scheme of free verse. Traces are not wanting in vocabulary of the influence exerted by his familiarity with the Bible, and in the metre and use of alliteration with the old chronicles and Sagas and the libretti of Wagner. But, as it has been said of his music, so may it be repeated of this his most ambitious poem, that there is scarcely a passage that is not plainly and unmistakably Parry.”

Hamilton Hartly

“I have a personal theory—probably all wrong—that Parry was too broad and great a man to be a really first-rate genius as a musician. After all, to be a universally interested man, as he was, is better than to be a more or less narrow musician, and I can’t think of any great composer whose absorption in his art did not make him a little deaf and blind to the rest of the world and its problems.”

Other Sources

C. Hubert H. Parry—His Life and Music by Jeremy Dibble, Oxford University Press, © 1992, pp. 420-423

An Imperishable Heritage: British Choral Music from Parry to Dyson by Stephen Town, Ashgate Publishing Company, ©2012, pp. 1-36

Parry before Jerusalem—Studies of His Life and Music by Bernard Benoliel, Ashgate Publishing Company, © 1997

The Vision of Life

C. Hubert H. Parry

Moderato **18**

Vc. arco

1

1-18

p

24

2

27-33

mf *cresc.*

35

cresc.

f

39

3

45

rit.

4

49-52

sostenuto **4** **10** **5**

Fl. 1 *8va* Ob. 1

53-55 56-65

70 **6** Lento

p *dim.* *pp*

78 rit.. a tempo

pp

84

Lento **7** **6** **3**

92-97 101-103

p

Allegro moderato **4** **3** **2** **2** **3**

104-107 *mf*

113 **8**

119 *f* *f*

127 **9** **14**

133-146

sempre dim. largamente Lento rit. **10** a tempo **2**

6 **14** **2**

147-152 155-168 171-172

173 **Più mosso** **sostenuto** **2** **tranquillo** **9** **11** **agitato** **3** **rit.** **molto rit.**

174-175 176-184 186-188

Detailed description: This block contains the first system of music, starting at measure 173. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo markings are 'Più mosso', 'sostenuto', 'tranquillo', 'agitato', 'rit.', and 'molto rit.'. There are three boxed measure numbers: 2, 9, and 11. The measures are grouped into three sections: 174-175 (2 measures), 176-184 (9 measures), and 186-188 (3 measures). The music consists of whole and half notes with rests.

a tempo **6** **poco animando** **4** **12** **animato** **3** **allargando** **2** **rit. .**

191-196 197-200 203-205 206-207

Detailed description: This block contains the second system of music, starting at measure 191. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo markings are 'a tempo', 'poco animando', 'animato', 'allargando', and 'rit.'. There are four boxed measure numbers: 6, 4, 12, and 3. The measures are grouped into four sections: 191-196 (6 measures), 197-200 (4 measures), 203-205 (3 measures), and 206-207 (2 measures). The music consists of whole and half notes with rests.

209 **Allegro** **6** **animato** **5** **13** **15** **14** **8**

210-215 216-220 221-235 236-243

Detailed description: This block contains the third system of music, starting at measure 209. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo marking is 'Allegro'. There are four boxed measure numbers: 6, 5, 13, and 8. The measures are grouped into four sections: 210-215 (6 measures), 216-220 (5 measures), 221-235 (15 measures), and 236-243 (8 measures). The music consists of whole and half notes with rests.

Fl. 1 **8^{va}**

244

Detailed description: This block contains the fourth system of music, starting at measure 244. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The instrument is Flute 1 (Fl. 1) playing an octave higher (8^{va}). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes with accents and slurs.

252

Detailed description: This block contains the fifth system of music, starting at measure 252. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes with accents and slurs. A dynamic marking of 'f' (forte) is present at the end of the system.

257 **poco rit.**

Detailed description: This block contains the sixth system of music, starting at measure 257. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo marking is 'poco rit.'. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes with accents and slurs.

263 **Poco meno mosso** **15** **6** **6** **16** **Fl. 1 8^{va}**

264-269 270-275

Detailed description: This block contains the seventh system of music, starting at measure 263. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo marking is 'Poco meno mosso'. There are three boxed measure numbers: 15, 6, and 6. The measures are grouped into two sections: 264-269 (6 measures) and 270-275 (6 measures). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes with accents and slurs. A dynamic marking of 'mf' (mezzo-forte) is present at the start of the system. A Flute 1 part (Fl. 1) playing an octave higher (8^{va}) is indicated by a dashed line above the staff.

280 **mf** **2**

286-287

Detailed description: This block contains the eighth system of music, starting at measure 280. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The dynamic marking is 'mf'. There is one boxed measure number: 2. The measures are grouped into one section: 286-287 (2 measures). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes with accents and slurs.

288 **17** **9** **2**

293-301 302-303

Detailed description: This block contains the ninth system of music, starting at measure 288. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). There are three boxed measure numbers: 17, 9, and 2. The measures are grouped into two sections: 293-301 (9 measures) and 302-303 (2 measures). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes with accents and slurs. A dynamic marking of 'f' (forte) is present at the start of the system.

304 18
p *f*
 308-310

314 13
 Fl. 1 *8va*
 317-329

335 *ff* *poco rit.* 19 *a tempo*

344 *cresc.*

352 *7* *Cbsn 8ba*
 354-360

367 20 *dim. e rit.* *f* *dim.*

374 *Moderato* *pp* *dim.*

381 *Lentissimo* *Più mosso* *Meno mosso* *a tempo, moderato*
9 5 10 3 8
 382-390 391-395 396-405 406-408 409-416

417 *Allegro* *Ob. 1* 21 *f*

423 8 *f*
 426-433

22

435

Musical staff 435-439 in G major, featuring eighth and sixteenth notes with accents.

440

Musical staff 440-445 in G major, featuring quarter and eighth notes with a slur and accents.

23

animando

446

Musical staff 446-451 in G major, starting with a forte (f) dynamic and featuring eighth notes.

allargando

452

Musical staff 452-457 in G major, starting with mezzo-forte (mf) crescendo and ending with fortissimo (ff) dynamics.

458

Musical staff 458-463 in G major, featuring eighth notes with accents and fortissimo (ff) dynamics.

24 Con fuoco

464

Musical staff 464-474 in G major, featuring eighth notes with accents and fortissimo (ff) dynamics. Includes a 6-measure rest for measures 469-474.

25

475

Musical staff 475-479 in G major, featuring eighth notes with accents and fortissimo (ff) dynamics, including triplet markings.

Lento

Meno mosso espress.

480

Musical staff 480-483 in G major, featuring a 2-measure rest for measures 482-483 and piano (p) dynamics.

rit.

Lento

488

Musical staff 488-499 in G major, featuring a long note with a decrescendo (dim.) and piano-piano (pp) dynamics, and an 8-measure rest for measures 492-499.

Slower

rit.

Lento teneramente

26

500-505

Musical staff 500-519 in G major, featuring rests for measures 500-505 (6 measures), 507-515 (9 measures), and 516-519 (4 measures).

Fl. 1 *8va* Ob. 1

27

520-521

p *rit.* *pp*

28

molto rit. Lento animato

527-529 531-538 539-543

Hn 1

547

poco agitato

Hn 3

pp *poco cresc.*

29

a tempo, tranquillo

Colla voce rit. molto rit. rit. Lento maestoso

553-555 558-564 566-569

Ob. 1

30

571

Ob. 2

mf *f*

31 allargando

577

ff

Tranquillo poco rit.

580-582 583-591

32 a tempo **33** **34** allargando

593-607 608-616 617-618

Fl. 1 *8va*

623

mf

rit. a tempo Lento

626-627 629-634 635-646

35

647

dim. e rit. a tempo allargando rit. a tempo

648-654

36 poco agitato **37** a tempo

660-661 663-666 667-670 671-674 675-679

animando **9** **2** animando **4** **38** **8** Fl. 1 *8va*

680-688 689-690 691-694 695-702

704 **8** *f* Più mosso, allegro feroce

712 **6** **39** *f*

715-720

725 **7** **40** *ff*

730-736

739 **9** **Vivacissimo**

746-754

allargando **4** a tempo *ff* *ff*

755-758

769 **2** **41** **11**

777-787

788 Allargando a tempo *f*

796 *ff* rit. [Silent]

Lento **12** Più mosso **8** animando **4** **42** agitato **4** animando **6**

805-816 817-824 825-828 829-832 833-838

Allegro

Cor Anglais

Allegro 8 43 Tpt 1

839-846 *f*

854

f

861 animato rit. Moderato

868 *ff* sempre cresc. 2

873-874

875 *ff* rit. a tempo animato *f*

882 44 allargando 8 agitato 4 animando 7

885-892 894-897 898-904

905 45 Allegro poco allargando poco rit. 2 rit. Agitato dolente 7 poco animando 3 molto rit. 2

907-908 910-916 917-919 920-921

922 Lento 6 Più lento Moderato 3 Moderato con anima 16 46 3

922-927 930-932 933-948 949-951

952 rit. a tempo largamente 9 rit. 2 a tempo allargando 2

954-962 964-965 967-968

47 a tempo 6 rit. a tempo - tranquillo 11 poco rit. 48 a tempo - tranquillo 12

969-974 977-987 990-1001

49 **11** **3** poco animando Bsn 1 > 50

1002-1012 1013-1015 mf cresc.

1021 **2**

1022-1023

1031 Solenne

mf mf cresc.

1038 allargando rit.. 51 Tempo giusto 5

1042-1046

Fl. 1 8va rit. allargando

6 1047-1052 f

1060 52 meno mosso 4 Allegro 2 poco agitato 3 4

1062-1065 1066-1068 1069-1070 1071-1073 1074-1077

1078 Ob. 1 Solo espress. poco animando

1086 rit. Lento 7 53 più mosso 2 Allegro agitato 4

1087-1093 1094-1095 mf 1097-1100

54 a tempo

agitato accelerando Più lento (colla voce) rit. Andante

3 4 7

1101-1103 1105-1108 1110-1116

1117 rit. 55 a tempo - tranquillo 6 allargando..... animando 2 3

1118-1123 1124-1128 1129-1130 1131-1133

57

1134 **56** **2** animando **4** allargando **3** a tempo **11** **58** Moderato tranquillo **10**

1135-1136 1137-1140 1141-1143 1144-1154 1155-1164

1165 poco rit. a tempo dolce

Hn 3

1173 **59** allargando Poco meno mosso

f

1180 Tranquillo

f **3** **8**

1185-1187 1188-1195

1196 S. 1 poco rit. Allegro - animando cresc. sempre

Seek - ing to make it of worth_ to each *p cresc.*

1202 **60**

f

1209 allaargando a tempo

f *ff*

1216 **61**

1223

mf *cresc.*

62

1232

1240 63 *agitato, vivace*

1247 *cresc. molto* *lunga* *Lento tranquillomolto rit.*

sf **3** **2**
1252-1254 1255-1256

64 **3** Cl. 1 *1257-1259*

1266 *p* *mf* **65** poco rit. a tempo

1274 *p* **66** rit. poco animando *1278-1279*

1282 *mf cresc.* *f* poco rit. Poco animando, espressivo

67 1289 animando

1296 *f* **68** **69**

1304 **70**

1311 *f*

1317 **71** *cresc.*

1323 **animato** **animando**

f *f*

Musical staff 1323: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#), 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with accents and dynamic markings. The first measure has a forte (*f*) dynamic. The tempo markings **animato** and **animando** are placed above the staff.

1330 **sempre cresc. ed animando** **72**

cresc.

Musical staff 1330: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with slurs and dynamic markings. A box containing the number 72 is located above the staff. The dynamic marking *cresc.* is placed below the staff.

1336

Musical staff 1336: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with slurs and triplets. The triplets are marked with a '3' above them.

73

1342-1343 *f*

Musical staff 1342-1343: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with slurs and a dynamic marking *f*. A box containing the number 73 is located above the staff.

1349

Musical staff 1349: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with slurs.

1355 **rit.**

Musical staff 1355: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with slurs and a dynamic marking *p*. The tempo marking **rit.** is placed above the staff.

1361 **6**

1362-1367 *mf* *dim.* *p*

Musical staff 1362-1367: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with slurs and a dynamic marking *mf*. A box containing the number 6 is located above the staff.

1373 **poco rit.**

dim. *p*

Musical staff 1373: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with slurs and dynamic markings. The tempo marking **poco rit.** is placed above the staff.

1380 **rit.** **a tempo** **rit.**

mf

Musical staff 1380: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 4/4 time. The staff contains a sequence of notes with slurs and dynamic markings. The tempo markings **rit.**, **a tempo**, and **rit.** are placed above the staff.



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