



THE VISION OF LIFE

A Symphonic Poem

Words and Music

by

C. Hubert H. Parry

Composed for the Cardiff Musical Festival - September 26, 1907

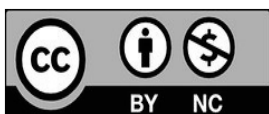
Revised for 1914 Norwich Festival which was cancelled due to start of World War I

BASS CLARINET

Cover Image: "Spirit of the Summit" by Frederic Leighton, 1894



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The “renaissance” in English music is generally agreed to have started in the late Victorian period, beginning roughly in 1880. Public demand for major works in support of the annual choral festivals held throughout England at that time was considerable which led to the creation of many large scale works for orchestra with soloists and chorus.

Although a number of those works were engraved, printed and are regularly performed today, performance scores for a considerable number of compositions, both large-scale and more intimate works, are not available. These works were either never engraved or were engraved and printed but are no longer available in the publishers’ catalogues. While the existence of these works is documented in biographies of the composers, the ability to study and, most importantly, to perform these compositions is not possible.

Changes in the International copyright laws, coupled with changing musical tastes, played a pivotal role in creating this void. As a result, music publishers lost the ability to generate revenue from the sale/rental of such music. In 1964, holograph and copyist scores from both Novello and from publishers it represented were offered to the British Library and the Royal College of Music Library (see The RCM Novello Library – The Musical Times, Feb. 1983 by Jeremy Dibble).

These autograph full score manuscripts along with copies of engraved vocal scores, widely available through various online library sources, are now the only resources available for studying and performing these works.

The English Heritage Music Series has been created to ensure that these compositions are preserved, are accessible for scholarly research and, most importantly, are available for performance by future generations. Its mission is to:

- Source non-engraved/out-of-print English composer compositions that are in the U.S. public domain
- Preserve these compositions through the preparation of performance scores using notation software
- Provide open Internet access to the scores to facilitate study, performance and sharing of performance material (program notes, audio, reviews, etc.)

In preparing the English Heritage Music Series editions, every effort has been made to adhere strictly to the notation contained in the manuscripts. Because of the passage of time and its effect on the condition of the manuscript, the absence of clear information often times by the composer in notating divided instruments, and with emendations in the composer and other hands resulting from use of the manuscript in performance, there were numerous circumstances which required interpretation and decisions for notes, accidentals, dynamics, articulations and tempi. Should questions arise in the use of these editions, the composers’ autograph manuscripts and the Novello vocal scores should be consulted for clarification.

Matthew W. Mehaffey

Editor

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Source Information

Autograph Manuscript:

Royal College of Music Library MS 4213

Vocal Score:

Novello Original Octavo Edition No. 12565

Royal College of Music Library

Jonathan Frank, Ass’t. Librarian - jonathan.frank@rcm.ac.uk

Manuscript Transcription & Score Preparation

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Music Notation Reference: Behind Bars by Elaine Gould, Faber Music © 2011

BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON PARRY AND “THE VISION OF LIFE”

Sir Edward Elgar (May 18, 1909)

“I hope you are well and that you are writing. I am so delighted we are to have *Job* in Hereford Cathedral. Your Cardiff ‘Vision’ was, I conclude, too strong for the Church, but I hope we may have it soon. It’s really strong bracing stuff, and, like your Odes, some of us love it and love you for giving us these things.”

Hubert Parry: His Life and Works by Charles L. Graves, Macmillan and Co., Ltd. © 1926, Vol. II, p. 66

“During the first half of this year (1914) he gave much time to the revision of the score of his Vision of Life with a view to its performance at Norwich—an expectation frustrated by the War.”

Hubert Parry: His Life and Works by Charles L. Graves, Macmillan and Co., Ltd. © 1926, Vol. II, pp. 157-158

“Hubert Parry’s ethical idealism was animated by a truly Christian spirit. The great aim of his later years was to impress on all people the need of enlarging their sphere of Religion; to consecrate his art to the service of humanity. ‘Religion,’ he wrote in one of his notebooks, ‘includes Art as well as definite devotional exercises,’ and again: ‘Art is a form of devotion. Everything that endeavours to beautify and make lovable the surroundings and the ideas of man is part of devotional religion. It is devotion to the beautiful aspect of things—the things which minister to spiritual well-being, to truth.’

Thus it came about, as Mrs. Ponsonby writes, that ‘when he spoke of some remarkable human being or act, or of Bach, or the sea, or architecture, or the country, one felt that to him the sphere of Religion was indeed without bounds. The beliefs which informs the message that he endeavoured to give to the world in his later works, and especially in The Vision of Life, is best defined in his own words, quoted by Miss Daymond in the memorial number of the Royal College Magazine:

There is, as it were, a limitless, unflagging, living series of variations on a great subject—and that subject is the progress towards the highest good of the race . . . The highest optimism is the belief that as man has already succeeded in controlling his destiny, and the resources of the little corner of the world with which he is concerned, by slow degrees better and better, so he will go on doing it in the future. There is no hope of a comfortable easy-going Utopia, but a reality of constant effort towards the development of the consciousness that the guarantee of Life is the fruitful expenditure of energy.

Hubert Parry: His Life and Works by Charles L. Graves, Macmillan and Co., Ltd. © 1926, Vol. II, p. 224

“The Vision of Life, brought out in 1907 and revised in 1914, is notable as an exposition of his philosophy of life, as an expansion of the gospel of brotherhood and love . . . it also commands admiration by its dignity and felicity of phrase and the skill with which rhymed passages are introduced to lend emphasis to a scheme of free verse. Traces are not wanting in vocabulary of the influence exerted by his familiarity with the Bible, and in the metre and use of alliteration with the old chronicles and Sagas and the libretti of Wagner. But, as it has been said of his music, so may it be repeated of this his most ambitious poem, that there is scarcely a passage that is not plainly and unmistakably Parry.”

Hamilton Harty

“I have a personal theory—probably all wrong—that Parry was too broad and great a man to be a really first-rate genius as a musician. After all, to be a universally interested man, as he was, is better than to be a more or less narrow musician, and I can’t think of any great composer whose absorption in his art did not make him a little deaf and blind to the rest of the world and its problems.”

Other Sources

C. Hubert H. Parry—His Life and Music by Jeremy Dibble, Oxford University Press, © 1992, pp. 420-423

An Imperishable Heritage: British Choral Music from Parry to Dyson by Stephen Town, Ashgate Publishing Company, ©2012, pp. 1-36

Parry before Jerusalem—Studies of His Life and Music by Bernard Benoliel, Ashgate Publishing Company, © 1997

Bass Clarinet

The Vision of Life

C. Hubert H. Parry

Moderato

1

22 3

1-22 23-25

Bsn 1 8va

30

f *cresc.* *mf* *cresc.*

2

35

3

41

2 3

42-43

48

rit. *mf* *p* *sostenuto* *pp*

2 3

51-52 53-55

57

4

58-61

p

5

66

f *3* *8*

69-76

77 **6** Lento

pp

82 rit.. a tempo **7** Lento **2**

84-90 92-93 *pp* < >

95 Allegro moderato **7**

97-103 *mf*

107 *cresc.* *f* *mf*

113 **8** *f*

119-121 *f* *f* *f*

128 **9** **6**

133-138

139

Home - less and house - less, in caves and in clefts, We hid from the ter - ror of tem - pest and tor - rent

S. 18va

147 sempre dim. largamente

pp *p* <

154 Lento **7** **3**

156-162 *p*

166 **2** rit. **10** a tempo **2** Più mosso sostenuto *p*

167-168 171-172

176 tranquillo *p*

p

184 **11** agitato rit. molto rit.

p

a tempo **2** poco animando *p* poco cresc.

191-192 *p*

12 animato **2** allargando *f* cresc.

203-204 *f*

208 rit... Allegro *mf* cresc.

mf

214 animato *f*

f

13 221

f

228

f

233 **14** **10**

237-246

247

Bsn 1 8va

mf

254

f

260

poco rit.

Poco meno mosso

15

6

8

264-269

270-277

mf

16

2

278-279

mf

cresc.

mf

17

2

286-287

f

p

f

296

p

p

18

3

308-310

f

f

315

11

319-329

Fl. 1 8va

8va

f

333

(8)

poco rit.

19 a tempo

21

340-360

f

361

Cbsn

20

f

dim. e rit.

7

Moderato

6

5

368–374 375–380 382–386

387

Lentissimo

Cl. 1 8va

p

Più mosso

10

Meno mosso

3

a tempo, moderato

8

Allegro

4

396–405 406–408 409–416 417–420

421

21

Musical staff 421-434. Key signature: three sharps (F#, C#, G#). Measure 421 starts with a forte (f) dynamic. The staff contains eighth and quarter notes with various rests.

427

Musical staff 427-430. Continuation of the previous staff with eighth and quarter notes.

431

Musical staff 431-434. Continuation of the previous staff, ending with a double bar line and a key signature change to two flats (Bb, Eb).

435

22

Musical staff 435-439. Key signature: two sharps (F#, C#). Measure 435 starts with a forte (f) dynamic. The staff contains eighth and quarter notes.

440

Musical staff 440-445. Continuation of the previous staff with eighth and quarter notes.

446

23

animando

Musical staff 446-450. Key signature: two sharps (F#, C#). Measure 446 starts with a forte (f) dynamic. The staff contains eighth and quarter notes.

451

mf cresc.

Musical staff 451-454. Continuation of the previous staff with eighth and quarter notes.

455

allargando

Musical staff 455-460. Continuation of the previous staff with eighth and quarter notes. Measure 460 ends with a fortissimo (ff) dynamic.

461

24

Con fuoco

Musical staff 461-465. Key signature: two sharps (F#, C#). Measure 461 starts with a forte (f) dynamic. The staff contains eighth and quarter notes.

468-472

25

5

ff

Musical staff 468-472. Continuation of the previous staff with eighth and quarter notes. Measure 468 starts with a fortissimo (ff) dynamic. The staff contains eighth and quarter notes.

478 Lento

2

482-483

485

Meno mosso rit. Lento

3 6

Bsn 1 8va

489-491 492-497

499 **Slower**

f **3** 503-505

506 rit. Lento teneramente 26

9

3 3 2

507-515 518-519

p

533

Example 10-13

538

28 animato **5**

539-543

mf cresc

2 poco agitato **4**

547-548 549-552

29

Colla voce 3 rit. molto rit. a tempo, tranquillo

553-555

pp

562

rit. Lento maestoso

4

567-570

562

rit. Lento maestoso

4

567-570

30 **3** **571-573** **f** **ff** **31** **allargando**

579 **Tranquillo** **poco rit.** **32** **a tempo** **9** **15** **583-591** **593-607**

33 **Fl. 1 8va** **8va** **608** **mf**

616 **34** **allargando**

625 **rit.** **a tempo** **6** **Lento** **12** **dim. e rit.** **mf** **629-634** **635-646**

648 **35** **a tempo** **S. Solo 8va** **Does not the toil - some path - way end, Full soon and near, The ha - ven**

655 **allargando** **rit.** **a tempo** **2** **poco agitato** **4** **660-661** **663-666**

667 **3** **3** **3** **3** **37** **poco cresc.**

672 **a tempo** **2** **5** **animando** **9** **animando** **2** **4** **673-674** **675-679** **680-688** **689-690** **691-694**

38 **10** **Tpt 1 8va** **Più mosso, allegro feroce** **6** **f** **695-704** **708-713**

716 39

f *ff* 5 724-728

729

f *sf*

40

737

f

744

Vivacissimo 5

Bsn 1 8va

allargando

746-750

757

a tempo

ff *ff*

769 41

11 777-787

788 Allargando a tempo

ff

795 rit.

f

802 [Silent] Lento 12 Più mosso 8

805-816 817-824

825 **animando** 42 **agitato**

Cl. 1 8va

p

832 **animando**

mf

839 **Allegro** 43 **Allegro**

3

840-842

f

848

855

f

862 **animato** **rit.** **Moderato**

ff *ff*

869 **sempre cresc.**

cresc.

875 **rit.** **a tempo** **animato**

3

881-883

884 44 **allargando** **agitato** **animando** **Allegro**

8 4 7 poco allargando

885-892 894-897 898-904

Agitato dolente

poco rit. **2** rit. **3** Tpt 1 8va poco animando

907-908 910-912

919 molto rit. Lento **5** Più lento

dim. 923-927 *pp*

930 Moderato Moderato con anima **46** **3** rit. a tempo

931-932 933-948 949-951

47 largamente rit. a tempo allargando a tempo rit

954-962 964-965 967-968 969-974

a tempo - tranquillo **4** Bsn 1 8va

976 977-980 *mf*

987 poco rit. **48** a tempo - tranquillo **6**

991-996 *p*

49 **10** poco animando

1002-1011 *p cresc.*

50 **2** **2**

1015 1019-1020 *f* 1023-1024

1025 *f* *mf*

1033 **Solenne** *mf* *cresc.*

1038 *allargando* *rit.* **51** **Tempo giusto**

1043

1050 *cresc.* *rit.*

1057 *allargando* **52** *meno mosso* **4** **3**
1062-1065 1066-1068

Allegro **poco agitato** **meno mosso** **poco animando** *rit.* **Lento**
2 **3** **4** **5** **3** **7**
1069-1070 1071-1073 1074-1077 1078-1082 1083-1085 1087-1093

53 **più mosso** **Allegro agitato** **agitato accelerando**
3 *mf* *cresc.*
1094-1096 Ob. 1 8va

54 **Più lento (colla voce)** **a tempo** *rit.* **Andante**
4 **2**
1105-1108 1110-1111

1112 **S. Solo 8va**
Nor hun - ger - ing vain - ly for com - fort ! See in the in - v - nite dis - tance Where the un -

1117 **rit.** **55** **a tempo - tranquillo** Cl. 1 8va
 - bro - ken xood moves *pp* *poco cresc.*

1123 **allargando**
cresc. *mf*

1130 **animando** **56** **animando**
 2 4
 1135-1136 1137-1140

allargando **57** **a tempo**
 3 *mf cresc.*
 1141-1143

1148 **58** **Moderato tranquillo**
 6 7
 1149-1154 1155-1161
 Hn 1 8va

1165 **poco rit.** **a tempo** **dolce**

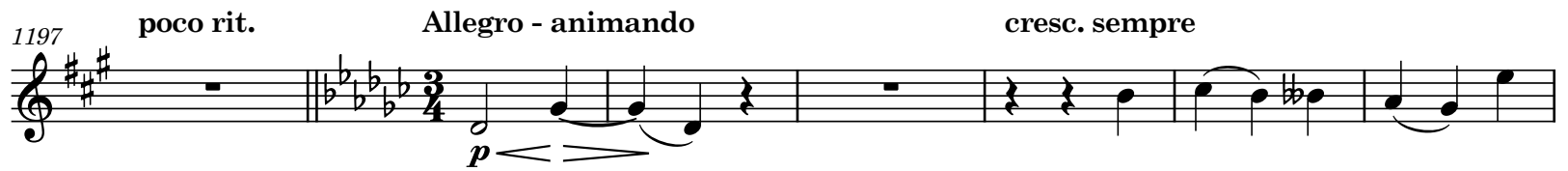
1171 **59** **allargando**
mf

1178 **Poco meno mosso**
f

1184 **Tranquillo**
mf *pp* 8
 1189-1196

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1197 *poco rit.* **Allegro - animando** *cresc. sempre*



1204 **60**



1212 *allargando* **a tempo**



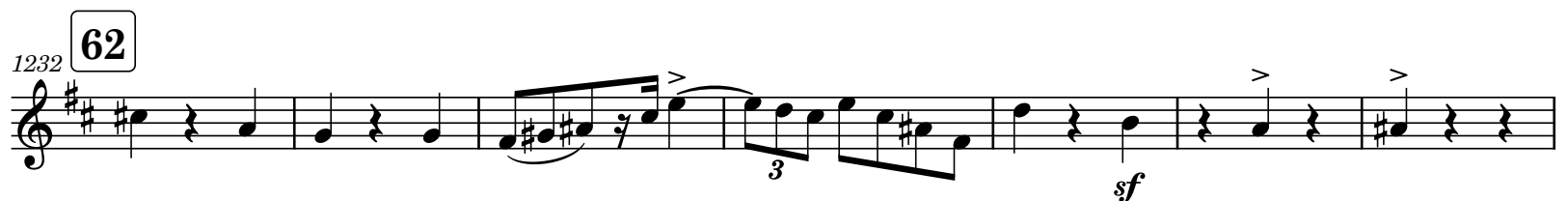
1218 **61**



1224



1232 **62**



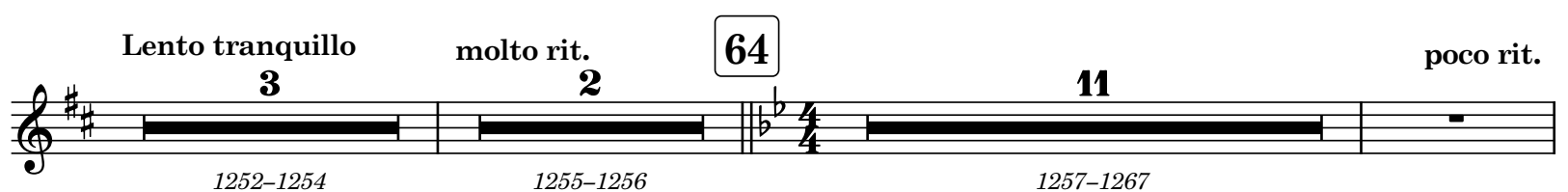
2 **63**



1246 *agitato, vivace* *cresc. molto* *lunga*



Lento tranquillo **molto rit.** **64** **11** *poco rit.*



a tempo **65**

1269-1272

Cl. 2 8va

pp

1280 rit. **66** poco animando poco rit. Poco animando, espressivo

f *mf*

1288 **67** animando

p *p* *cresc.*

1294 **68**

1302 **69**

mf *dim.*

1308 **70**

1314 **71**

f

1320 **71** animato

1326 animando sempre cresc. ed animando

1332 72

Musical staff 1332-1337. Key signature: three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The staff contains six measures of music. The first measure has a treble clef and a key signature change to three flats. The last measure has a 2/2 time signature change.

1338

Musical staff 1338-1343. Key signature: three flats. The staff contains six measures of music. The last measure has a 6/4 time signature change. There are triplets in measures 1341 and 1342.

1344 73

Musical staff 1344-1349. Key signature: three flats. The staff contains six measures of music. The first measure has a 6/4 time signature change. The last measure has a treble clef. Dynamics: *f* in measure 1345 and *f* in measure 1349.

1350

Musical staff 1350-1356. Key signature: three flats. The staff contains seven measures of music. The first measure has a treble clef. The last measure has a 4/4 time signature change.

1357 rit.

Musical staff 1357-1368. Key signature: three flats. The staff contains seven measures of music. The first measure has a treble clef. The last measure has a 4/4 time signature change. There are triplets in measures 1358 and 1360. A fermata covers measures 1362-1368. Dynamics: *f* in measure 1358.

1369 poco rit.

Musical staff 1369-1377. Key signature: three flats. The staff contains nine measures of music. The first measure has a treble clef. Dynamics: *p* in measure 1369, *f dim.* in measure 1375, and *p* in measure 1377.

1378 rit. a tempo rit.

Musical staff 1378-1387. Key signature: three flats. The staff contains ten measures of music. The first measure has a treble clef. Dynamics: *mf cresc.* in measure 1380 and *p* in measure 1387.



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